## Summons to attend meeting of

## **Full Council**

Budget



Date: Tuesday, 20 February 2024

**Time:** 2.00 pm

Venue: The Council Chamber - City Hall, College Green,

Bristol, BS1 5TR

To: All Members of Council

Issued by: Oliver Harrison, Democratic Services

City Hall, PO Box 3399, Bristol, BS1 9NE

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Date: Eriday, 9 February 2024



## Agenda

## 7. Budget Report 2024/25

Includes Equalities Impact Assessments.

(Pages 3 - 7)

The budget report from the Resources Scrutiny Commission will be published separately.

Signed

**Proper Officer** 

Friday, 9 February 2024



Vote	Item	Group	Ref	Title	Trans. Type	Net Value £m	Correlation with Impact Y/N	2024/25 £m	2025/26 £m		2027/28 £m	2028/29 £m	Tot £
1	Revenue	Conservative	1.1	Local Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS). Introduce a flat rate 10% reduction in support for working age households with effect from April 2025.	Revenue		N	0.000	(1.900)	0.000	0.000	0.000	(1.90
	Revenue	Conservative	1.2	Cost of CTRS Consultation	Revenue	0.000	N	0.025	(0.025)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Conservative	1.3	Reserve drawdown from the Corporate Resilience Reserve and replenish in 2025/26.	Revenue		N	(0.605)	0.605		0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Conservative	1.4	Increase planning (enforcement) capacity	Revenue		N	0.020	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.10
	Revenue	Conservative	1.5	Increase General Fund Housing Officer Team	Revenue		N	0.025	0.125		0.000	0.000	0.15
	Revenue	Conservative	1.6	Increase neighbourhood (enforcement) capacity	Revenue	1	N	0.020	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.10
	Revenue	Conservative	1.7	Contribution towards commissioning a new Traffic Regulation Order (TRO) to supplement existing parking restrictions on Durdham Downs.	Revenue		N	0.045	(0.045)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Conservative	1.8	Dedicated parks improvements fund ineligible for Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) funding	Revenue	0.000	N	0.450	(0.450)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Conservative	1.9	Reduction in bulky waste collection charges	Revenue		N	0.020	0.085		0.000	0.000	0.10
	Revenue Conservative 1.10 Create additional supplementary general reserve to cover emerging pressures or new corporate priorities.				Revenue	1.445	N	0.000	1.445	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.44
2	Revenue	Conservative	Revenue	(0.100)	N	(0.100)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	(0.100		
	Revenue	Conservative	2.2	Reduce annual budget by proportionally reducing the headcount across each of the three teams: Policy & Strategy, Public Relations & Communications/Consultation	Revenue	(0.120)	N	(0.120)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	(0.120
	Revenue	Conservative	Reduce annual budget by increasing income and or reducing staffing in Bristol Design (Resources)	Revenue	(0.100)	N	(0.100)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	(0.100	
	Revenue	enue Conservative 2.4 Bring forward to 24/25 planned funding on Theme 1 (supported buses) and reprofile Theme 4 (local transport scheme) to create an additional £3.650m.					N	(3.650)	3.650	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Conservative	Revenue	0.147	N	0.147	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.14		
	Revenue	Conservative	2.6	Partially reinstate the savings aligned to targeted commissioning review for Mentoring/Youth services focused on maximising delivery outcomes through alternative routes, such as application of the Youth Zone	Revenue	0.120	N	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.12
	Revenue	Conservative	2.7	Remove planned 2024/25 CPI (6.7%) inflationary uplift to allotment charges	Revenue	0.053	N	0.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.05
	Revenue	Conservative	2.8	Reprofile and bring forward planned spend on Theme 4 - Local Transport Schemes - into 24/25 over and above that currently planned for (£1m). Prioritsation of spend to be administered by Area Committees	Revenue	0.000	N	1.500	(1.500)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Conservative	2.9	Increase spend on Theme 1 - Supported Buses in 24/5 (by £1m) and an additional £0.5m spend on Theme 3 - Sustainable Transport Routes and £0.5m for Repairs and Maintenance to infrastructure	Revenue	0.000	N	2.000	(2.000)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Conservative	2.10	Use balance of transport reprofiling from 27/8 to defer introduction of proposed District car park charges	Revenue	0.000	N	0.150	(0.150)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
3	Capital	Conservative	3.1	Use or repurpose a proportion of the currently unallocated Strategic Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) receipts (GR08) totalling £1.28m	Capital	(0.700)	N	(0.300)	(0.400)	0.000	0.000	0.000	(0.700
	Capital	Conservative	3.2	Use of a specific proportion of unallocated Strategic CIL funding to deliver improvements in city parks and provide (currently unfunded), and refurbishment of children's play areas/equipment.	Capital	0.700	N	0.300	0.400		0.000	0.000	0.70
4	Revenue	Liberal Democrats	4.1	A "Branch Library Recovery Fund" - to recognise the impact of the recruitment freeze implemented in 2023/24, to provide additional resource for any agency costs incurred pending permanent staff recruitment concluding, with the balance to be used for book buying, and increasing the number of branches with extended access.	Revenue	0.000	N	0.100	(0.100)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Liberal Democrats	4.2	A supplement to the WECA Transport Levy, earmarked to provide supported buses in Bristol and to accelerate planned expenditure (from 205/26) agreed by cabinet in relation to receipts from the operation of the Clean Air Zone.		0.000	N	0.350	(0.350)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00
	Revenue	Liberal Democrats	4.3	Climate and Ecological Reserve	Revenue	0.000	N	(0.250)	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
	Revenue	Liberal Democrats		Communities Resilience Reserve	Revenue		N	(0.200)	0.200		0.000	0.000	0.0

Conservatives / Councillor Mark Weston

		Description of Budget Amendment,	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/20	Office	er Assessment
Ref	Directorate/ Service	Rationale and Implications	2024/25 £m	£m	£m		£m	Service Implication	Equalities Impact Assessment
1.1	Corporate	Local Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS). Introduce after tate 10% reduction in support for working age households with effect from April 2025.		(1.900)				A flat rate 10% reduction to existing support levels would generate a gross saving of £3.5m (based on 24/25 fig) and net saving of £1.9m. (The net saving is calculated after precepts and assumes a 65% collection rate for the increased sums of council tax payable, after support from the scheme is reduced). This would result in 22,628 working age households having to pay an average additional amount of £154.83 p. a. and would align Bristol more closely with the provisions made by other local authorities.  The proposal can only be confirmed once formal consultation has been completed (cost circa. £25k) in 2024 and supported by the Council January 2025 for inclusion in the Council's Council Tax Base for 2025/26.  More detail can be found in the December 2023 Cabinet paper, under option 2a below.  https://democracy.bristol.gov.uk/documents/s90488/	A full equalities impact assessment has afready been completed flink below), including a reduction in existing assistance of 10%, which. This illustrates those households the benefit from the current scheme and would be affected by any changes to it.  Changes to the scheme would disproportionately affect households containing people with the following protected characteristics. Black, Asian, Minority Elmic communities, Disabled people, Women and Certain faith groups.  Changes must have due regards to any impact on those with protected characteristics and vulnerable households. The council is also required to consider possible transitional protection if entitement is reduced. Vulnerability is not defined but guidance suggests should local authorities consider the Equality Act 2010.  https://democracy.bristol.gov.uk/documents/s90494/Appendi% 20E_Equality%20Impact%20Assessment_CTR%202024_5.pdf
								d%20and%20council%20impact%20assessment.pdf	
	Resources	Cost of CTRS Consultation	0.025	(0.025)				See item above	
1.3	Reserve	Reserve drawdown from the Corporate Resilience Reserve and replenish in 2025/26.	(0.605)	0.605				The resilience reserve is profiled for drawdown in the medium term budget 1 April 2026 and as such must be fully replenished with a guaranteed income source by 31 March 2026.  Any short term reduction in the resilience reserve would reduce the Councils ability to respond to shocks and no drawdown can be assumed until the source of replenishment is approved by Council in January 2025.	Any reduction to reserves may restrict the Council's capacity is respond to emerging issues which are likely to disproportionately impact equalities communities.
1.4	Growth & Regeneration	Total Saving/Income	(0.580) 0.020	(1.320) 0.080				The additional funding would be used to create	No significant equality impact identified at this stage.
1.4	Growin & Regeneration	Increase planning (enforcement) capacity	0.020	J.U8U				The additional funding would be used to create another senior role and one more graduate entry. This would almost double capacity without impinging on development management capacity to tackle the current backlog.	то му шкан ециану втраса identified at this stage.
1.5	Growth & Regeneration	Increase General Fund Housing Officer Team	0.025	0.125				The funds would secure an additional three housing advisors. This team would work with people of Bristol supporting the councils aims to prevent homelessness and reducing the number that are placed into Temporary Accommodation. The posts would also enable rolling inspections of Temporary Accommodation, adopting a whole council approach around quality of homes in Bristol, with particular regard to damp and mould.	Increasing housing adviser capacity is likely to have a positive equalities impact by ensuring that service users are able to access the right support in a timely manner. This is particularly important for Black, Asian and minority eithnic and Disabled important for Black, Asian and minority eithnic and Disabled service users who are often over-represented in temporary accommodation. Increasing capacity to inspect homes will benefit all characteristics, and especially those from lower-income households, by ensuring improvements to the quality of temporary accommodation.
1.6	Growth & Regeneration	Increase neighbourhood (enforcement) capacity	0.020	0.080				The additional funding would support two enforcement officers to add to the current team of 13. The new staff would focus on fining fly tippers, expanding commercial waste enforcement, addressing vehicle dwelling issues and supporting government's plans to engage and enforce business recycling.	Neighbourhood Enforcement includes a range of functions which may benefit equalities groups though increased safety and accessibility e.g. reduction in litter and street waste which particularly impacts disabled people, older people and prambuggy users; noise abatement; taxi licensing checks etc
1.7	Growth & Regeneration	Contribution towards commissioning a new Traffic Regulation Order (TRO) to supplement existing parking restrictions on Durdham Downs.	0.045	(0.045)				The cost of a new TRO for the Downs is dependent on the extent of the TRO and what restrictions are put in place and if pay and display is needed etc.  The main costs for a TRO on a scheme like this would be project management and engagement so costs would be dicitated by the scope of the scheme but also the amount of engagement planned, informal, formal etc. It is likely that a TRO could be delivered over two years with this amount but scope would be limited and would not be likely to cover the whole area in detail or the installation of significant PAD.  If pay and display is needed then it is unlikely that this is enough but it would be dependent on the extent of any pay and display infrastructure.	No significant equality impact identified at this stage. Traffic Regulation Orders require consultation and any objections are considered alongside an equality impact assessment of detailed proposals before implementation.
1.8	Growth & Regeneration	Dedicated parks improvements fund	0.450	(0.450)				The funding could be used to support a temporary	Improvements to city parks has a positive equalities impact on
7.0	- Samuel Company	Deutstete parts injurierenens fund ineligible for Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) funding	3.430	(2.000)				The training could be used to support a temporary project officer and the remainder of the funding used to match fund identified eligible \$105 funded projects which the project officer would review and deliver across the city.	different groups, especially younger people who may rely on access to a free space. The are current disparities between groups "seaffied with the quality of parks and green spaces," the Bristol average is 73.1%. Disabled people, 59.6% and 10% most deprived 45.6%. There are also disparities across the city between those satisfied with the quality of park and green paces with Hartcliffe and Withynood being the lowest (24.6%) and Cliffon down being the highest (93.8%). Parks bring a wide range of benefits to the whole of the community by being accessible spaces for people to engage in physical activity which improves mental health and wellbeing.
1.9	Growth & Regeneration	Reduction in bulky waste collection charges	0.020	0.085				An additional £0.105m would allow the council to reduce current charges of £25 for 3 items and £50 for 6 items to c. £18 for 3 items and c. £35 for 6 items.	No significant equality impact identified at this stage, however there are differences in the extent to which Bristol residents are satisfied with the general household waste and recycling service, depending on their characteristics, circumstances, and where they live.
1.10	Reserve & Resources	Create additional supplementary general reserve to cover emerging pressures or new corporate priorities.		1.445				The increase in the general reserve would improve the council's resilience to shocks, ability to respond to minor unplanned presures and variance in the medium term planning assumptions or enable a renewed focus on priorities as outlined in the corporate strategy.	No significant equality impact identified at this stage.
		Total Spend	0.580	1.320					
Sum of p	roposed budget amendm	Total (must be zero) ents must net to nil in each financial year	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000		
Each ring Any rever	gfenced fund (General Fu nue capital financing char	nd, HRA, DSG & PH) must be dealt with sepa iges aligned to revisions to the capital progran	nme can on	ly be cons	sidered wh	nere the ne	t financial	impact of the amendment on the budget, based on cap	oital financing costs, is ZERO.
Amendm	ents to revenue can only	be made to 2024/25 budget - future years are S151 Officer Sign-off	included to	ensure fu	ture years	budgets ir	npacted b	y decisions on the 24/25 budget remain balanced.	
<u> </u>		STOT Officer Sign-Off						- Control of	

Conservatives / Councillor Mark Weston

	Directorate/	Description of Budget Amendment,	2024/25			2027/28			ssessment
	Service	Rationale and Implications	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	Service Implication	Equalities Impact Assessment
2.1	International Affairs (Resources)	Reduce annual budget for the International Affairs team.	(0.100)					With only 3.9FTE in the entire service, a reduction of this amount will have a material impact. The service would seek more external income in the first instance, but if this were not possible, it would mean reducing the service in one of two ways. Either removing the strategic service (a. Head of role) and moving the remaining roles to another department; or international visits, traderivestement actively, briefings, twinning and pursaing international funding opportunities). The budget saving proposed would have staffing implications. There is no separate reserve or funding available to meet these costs and as such these savings will need to be net.	Reducing staffing would disproportionately impact female employees. This may have a negative impact on the council's gender pay gap and on its target for "% women holding senior roles. The International Affairs team supports a range of equalities initiatives including the international disposition of equalities initiatives including the international disposition of the proposition of the production in hundred may be people from different effectives. A reduction in hundred may reduce capacity for this work fostering good reliations between communities.
2.2	Policy & Strategy, Public Relations & Communications/ Consultation (Resources)	Reduce annual budget by proportionally reducing the headcount across each of the three teams: Policy & Strategy, Public Relations & Communications/Consultation	(0.120)					This service has already made savings of E0.130m at 2023/4 and has future targets within the MIFF of 20.250m one 7425.8 and 250.6 Eurher reductions would reduce available sating by approximately 3FFC over and solve these other reductions in proprior to the remaining headocount. Currently organisational demand for policy, strategy, communication and consultation support outstrips supply, leading to the service having a range of income from projects and departments needing it to supply more than its core staff levels can provide. It would be necessary to prioritise demand to enable this efficiency to be mit. The budget saving would lead to a staffing reduction which would have redundancy cost implications. There is no separate reserve or funding available to meet such costs.	its unlikely that three would be disproportionate impacts from staffing reductions, though this would require a shift EOIA to confirm, Reductions in some areas may impact the council's ability to communicate with a consult some equilities groups, activities around equality policy development, and may also limit its ability to produce accessible communications (due to reduced staffing resource and likely competing priorities / demands on the service). Increasing and diversifying consultation respondents is a key objective for the council, ensuring that decision making is informed by lived experience. Reducing the capacity of the team may impact the councils capacity to further engage with marginilised communities.
2.3	Bristol Design (Resources)	Reduce annual budget by increasing income and or reducing staffing in Bristol Design (Resources)	(0.100)					Bristol Design is largely self-funded via income, with gross expenditure of £0.96m and gross income of £0.840m. The only not budget relates predominantly to management costs. As the team could not function without a manager and removing capacity elsewhere in the team would negatively impact income, it is likely that this saving would need to be achieved firstly by attempting to increase income (which may be internal and therefore still a cost to the country), with any residual target transferred to a different service within Policy, Strategy and Dejat. The budget saving most likely would lead to a staffing reduction which would have redundancy cost implications. There is no separate reserve or lindering orializable to meet such costs and as such these savings will need to be net.	It is unlikely that there would be disproportionate impacts from staffing reductions, though this would require a full EQIA to confirm. Reducing design capacity may limit resource available to produce accessible comm
2.4	CAZ Reserve Income (Growth & Regeneration)	Bring forward to 24/25 planned funding on Theme 1 (supported buses) and reprofile Theme 4 (local transport scheme) to create an additional £3.650m.	(3.650)	3.650				The overall income and use of CAZ mories across the MTFP period was recently clarified across each of the 4 Themes, these being: Transport levy/supported buses, Sustainable Transport, Sustainable transport reviews and maintenance, and local transport schemes. At the end of 24/25 there is expected to be a surplus of CAZ funding of £31.499m to be utilised in future years upto 27/28.  This proposal will see £2.150m of future funding proposed for Theme 1 (Supported Buses) in 27/28 (£1.57m) and 26/27 (£0.580m) reprofiled into 24/25. In addition, the proposal will see a reprofiling of £1.5m of funding from Theme 4 (local transport planes) - (overall funding available £10m across 24/5 to 27/28) into 24/25 to accelerate / add to the provision of local transport schemes in that year. £1m is already planned to be used in 24/25 on local transport schemes.	Further equality analysis will be required to undestand the impact of or pooling heme 4 - local transport seneme - in order to increase capacity elsewhere and identify any impacts derived from activities. The development and eldewey of or levent local and neighbourhoods transpor projects fall under theme 4 and so would likely be impacted by this proposal.
		Total Saving	(3.970)	3.650					
2.5	Children's & Education 2324 NEW3	Partially reinstate proposed saving for the Short Care Breaks service -	0.147	3.030				The impact of partially reducing the savings by £0.147m means that no material reductions in service will be required. Services will generally run at current levels.	Partially reinstating short breaks care service will have a positive equalities impact on Disabled young people. The service supported young people (up to 16) with SEND in a wide range of educational settings across the city to access holiday, after school and breakfast clubs. Reinstating some
									only to access industry, and school and to treatnast clouds. Reinstaining some of the service would allow children to continue accessing this support which would also ease pressures for their parents and carers.
	Children's & Education 2324 NEW2	Partially reinstate the savings aligned to targeted commissioning review for Mentoring/Youth services focused on maximising delivery outcomes through alternative routes, such as application of the Youth Zone	0.120					The impact of partially reducing savings by £0.120m will mean the service could target additional investment into youth services or specific serious youth violence services within key areas where communities are most impacted by knille crime and or criminal exploitation of young people.	of the service would allow children to continue accessing this support which would also ease pressures for their parents and carers.  Increased youth zones are likely to have a positive, far-reaching impact on young people by having access to affordable spaces and activities that are positive for their general wellbeing. Further equalities assessment is meeted on the impact of reducing spend on direct commissioning for mentoring youth/services and the impact this may have on younger people who may be reliant on established mentoring relationships.
	Education 2324 NEW2	targeted commissioning review for Mentoring/Youth services focused on maximising delivery outcomes through alternative routes, such as application of	0.120					service could target additional investment into youth services or specific serious youth violence services within key areas where communities are most impacted by knife crime and or criminal exploitation of young	of the service would allow children to continue accessing this support which would also ease pressures for their parents and carers.  Increased youth cores are likely to have a positive, for executing impact on young people by having access to affordable spaces and activities that are positive for their peneral withbiant, critime equalities assessment is needed on the impact of reducing spend on direct commissioning for mentioning youthfreerious and the impact this may have no younger people.
2.7	Education 2324 NEW2 Growth&Regenrati	targeted commissioning review for Mentoring/Youth services focused on maximising delivery outcomes through alternative routes, such as application of the Youth Zone  Remove planned 2024/25 CPI (6.7%)		(1.500)				service could target additional investment into youth services or specific serious youth vidence services within key areas where communities are most impacted by knife crime and or criminal exploitation of young people.  Alictment fees have not been increased since 2017/18. The budget proposed that all General Fund discretionary fees and charges should updated annually based on September CPI (6.7% for 24/25), which will assist in the recovery of the cost of delivering services which have been	of the service would allow children to continue accessing this support which would also ease pressures for their parents and carers.  Increased youth zones are likely to have a positive, far-freaching impact on young people by having access to altrotable spaces and activities that are positive for their general wellbeing. Further equalities assessment is needed on the impact of reducing spend on direct commissioning for mentioning youth/services and the impact this may have on younge people who may be reliation to established mentioning relationships.  Removing increased allotment charges is likely to have a positive equalities impact, especially on people from lower socio-economic househods via making allotments the one affordable and thus more
2.7	Education 2324 NEW2 Growth&Regenrati on (Place) Growth &	targeted commissioning review for Mentoring/Youth services focused on maximising delivery outcomes through alternative routes, such as application of the Youth Zone  Remove planned 2024/25 CPI (6.7%) inflationary uplift to allotment charges  Reprofile and bring forward planned spend on Theme 4 - Local Transport Schemes-into 24/25 over and above that currently planned for (Erin). Prioritisation of spend to	0.053					service could target additional investment into youth services or specific serious youth vidence services within key areas where communities are most impacted by knife crime and or criminal exploitation of young people.  Allotment fees have not been increased since 2017/18. The budget proposed that all General Fund discretionary fees and charges should updated annually based on September CPI (6.7% for 24/25), which will assist in the recovery of the cost of delivering services which have been subject to significant inflation uplifis in current and previous years.  The additional funding being accelerated could be used to deliver a wider scope and variety of sustainable transport measures or maintenance works subject to it meeting the overall objectives of the Charging Order. Delivering to this new schedule would also require an	of the service would allow children to continue accessing this support which would also ease pressures for their parents and carers.  Increased youth noise are likely to have a positive, for resching impact or rown poole by having access to affordable spaces and activities that are positive for their peneral withbring. Turther equalities assessment is needed on the impact of reducing spend on direct commissioning for mentoring youthhaverious and the impact this may have on younger people who may be reliant on established mentoring relationships.  Removing increased afformer charges is likely to have a positive equalities impact, especially on people from lower socioe-economic households via making allotments more affordable and thus more accessible for a wider range of people.  Increasing spending on enabling local and neighbourhood transport schemes (theme 4) would allow for more capacity of the delivery of local projects such as improving public transport accessibility and reducing the equalities impact. Disparities exist across the city and across groups related to local transport expensions.  Increasing spend on thems 1 increase would allow the supported but which will have a positive equalities impact. Disparities exist across the city and across groups related to local transport expensions. The mean existing ideaparties between quous of those and older people. There are existing ideaparties between groups of those who are satisfied with their local bus service, the Bristol average being 375%, Disabello people – 3.21%, MacMedmiliple entire groups – 25 9%.
2.7	Education 2324 NEW2 Growth&Regenrati on (Place) Growth & Regeneration Growth &	targeted commissioning review for Mentoring/Youth services focused on maximising delivery outcomes through alternative routes, such as application of the Youth Zone Remove planned 2024/25 CPI (6.7%) inflationary uplift to allotment charges  Reprofile and bring forward planned spend on Theme 4 - Local Transport Schemes - into 24/25 over and above that currently planned for (Erim, Prioritisation of spend to be administered by Area Committees Increase spend on Theme 1 - Supported Buses in 24/5 (by £1m) and an additional £0.5m spend on Theme 3 - Sustainable Transport Routes and £0.5m for Repairs	0.053 1.500 2.000	(2.000)				service could target additional investment into youth services or specific serious youth vidence services within key areas where communities are most impacted by knife crime and or criminal exploitation of young people.  Aliciment fees have not been increased since 2017/18. The budget proposed that all General Fund discretionary fees and charges should updated annually based on September CPI (6.7% for 24/25), which will assist in the recovery of the cost of delivering services which have been subject to significant inflation uplifts in current and previous years.  The additional funding being accelerated could be used to deliver a wider scope and variety of sustainable transport measures or maintenance works subject to it meeting the overall objectives of the Charging Order. Delivering to this new schedule would also require an acceleration in current resource peoplic ylans.  This would require significantly accelerating plans to deliver Supported Buses by reducing the current time allowed for negotiations with WECA to establish which services to support and the process of tendering. Additional funding could be used to deliver a wider scope and variety of sustainable transport measures or maintenance works subject to it maintenance works subject to the meeting the overall objectives of the Charging Order. Delivering to this new schedule would require an acceleration in current resource capacity and the process of tendering.	of the service would allow children to continue accessing this support which would also ease pressures for their parents and carers.  Increased youth noise are likely to have a positive, for resching impact or rown poole by having access to affordable spaces and activities that are positive for their peneral withbring. Turther equalities assessment is needed on the impact of reducing spend on direct commissioning for mentoring youthhaverious and the impact this may have on younger people who may be reliant on established mentoring relationships.  Removing increased afformer charges is likely to have a positive equalities impact, especially on people from lower socioe-economic households via making allotments more affordable and thus more accessible for a wider range of people.  Increasing spending on enabling local and neighbourhood transport schemes (theme 4) would allow for more capacity of the delivery of local projects such as improving public transport accessibility and reducing the equalities impact. Disparities exist across the city and across groups related to local transport expensions.  Increasing spend on thems 1 increase would allow the supported but which will have a positive equalities impact. Disparities exist across the city and across groups related to local transport expensions. The mean existing ideaparties between quous of those and older people. There are existing ideaparties between groups of those who are satisfied with their local bus service, the Bristol average being 375%, Disabello people – 3.21%, MacMedmiliple entire groups – 25 9%.

Total (must be zero)

0 0 0

0

Sum of proposed budget amendments must net to nil in each financial year

Each ringfenced fund (General Fund, HRA, DSG & PH) must be dealt with separately with no cross subsidisation.

Any revenue capital financing changes aligned to revisions to the capital programme can only be considered where the net financial impact of the amendment on the budget, based on capital financing costs, is ZERO. Amendments to revenue can only be made to 2024/25 budget - future years are included to ensure future years budgets impacted by decisions on the 24/25 budget remain balanced.

S151 Officer Sign-off

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Amendm	ent Proposals to Capita	Il Programme 2024/25							Political Group / Member Lead	Conservatives / Councillor Mark Weston		
		Description of Budget Amendment, Rationale and	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2028/29 to	Officer Assessment			
Ref	Cap Prog Reference	Implications	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	2032/33 £m	Service Implication	Equalities Impact Assessment		
3.1	GR08	Use or repurpose a proportion of the currently unallocated Strategic Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) receipts (GR08) totalling £1.28m	(0.300)	(0.400)					The total allocation in the capital programme attributed to Bedministic Region (September (1967a)), Southmead/Gencyore Regionation (Pallo), Lavereos Western Community Had (PLSI), British Axion Freed Strategy and Facilities (Pallo), Improvements to Local Centres (SRRI), Hostiang and Facilities (PARIO), Proprovements to Local Centres (SRRI), Hostiang Tainly Ref Palicie Facility/Gainness Partnership (PLSI), Withshouse Street Trainwork (capital Centres) (SRRI) and Palicie Facility/Gainness Partnership (PLSI), Withshouse Street Library (PLSI), Withshouse Street Library (PLSI), Palicie Facility/Gainness Partnership (PLSI), Withshouse Street Library (PLSI), Palicie Facility/Gainness Partnership (PLSI), Withshouse Street Library (PLSI), Palicie Facility (PLSI), Palicie (PLSI), Palicie Fac	No significant equalities impact has been identified at this stage.		
		Total Saving	(0.300)	(0.400)								
3.2	New Growth & Regeneration	Use of a specific proportion of unallocated Strategic CIL tunding to deliver improvements in fort parks and provide (currently unfunded), and refurbishment of children's play areas/equipment.	0.300	0.400					This proposal seeks to examask D.7 mf of the total unallocated C.f. funds of E.1.20m to deliver improvements in oil parks and provide currently unfunded reflucibilities of children's play areas/equipment (subject to this meeting the strategic's Leighbility citteds).  If the semential meeting the strategic consistency of the semential particular to the funding particular to commission the Firms Gateriay Firmsevolv within the residual funds of E0.5m which may be insufficient to progress the full Firmsevolv.	Improvements to city parks has a positive equalities impact on offerent groups, expecially surger people with non year) on access to a feet space. The are current disparities between groups "is satisfied with the equality of parks and green spaces," the State daverage is 7.3 hr. Disabled people, 56.0% and 10% most deprived 46.0%. There are also disparities expected to the control of the contro		
		Total Spend	0.300	0.400								
Any prope	Total (must be zero)  ny new proposed additions to the capital programme must be offset by compensatory reduction of schemes funded internally (pructerials blorowing, capital receipts, revenue contributions or CIL) so that overall borrowing does not exceed agreed borrowing thresholds and / or the programme continues any proposed additions to the General Fund programme cannot be offset by reductions to the HRA, or other ring-fenced or grant funded schemes or vice versa any recapital budget change aligned to a revenue budget amendment should be incorporated in this template for completeness and to ensure the total value of scheme changes are incorporated in the appropriate rows above.											
		S151 Officer Sign-off		(Aprilla)								

Clir Jos Clarke

Service Implications En on the Web Characteristic District District Characteristic District Characteri	Ref	Directorate/	Description of Budget Amendment, Rationale and	nd 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 Officer Assessment				sment		
A 3 workshift beary Recovery Further of the control of additional formation of the control of ad				£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	Service Implication	Equalities Impact Assessment
earmanded to provide supported buses in firsted and to accelerate planned ependetic (from 2012-06) agreed by cabinet in relation to recepts from the operation of the Cliena Air Zone.    10			impact of the recruitment freeze implemented in 2023/24, to provide additional resource for any agency costs incurred pending permanent staff recruitment concluding, with the balance to be used for book buying, and increasing the number of branches with	0.100				2	The service would use this additional funding for, in the first instance, extended access. If there funding was available it could be used for stock, replacement furniture, agency staff while he service are taking steps to fill posts and to fund the implementation of the new management system.  The impact would be that the Libraries service net budget of £4.883m	Increasing extended access within libraries will have a positive equalities impact by ensuring libraries are accessible to members of the public for longer hours, catering for different working patterns and lifestyles. Overall, there are existing disparities across different protected characteristics in relation to libraries, for example the % of bisabled library.
Emergency programme. The programme is leading the delivery of the council's action plans, simulating action from partners and citizens to deliver the goals of the city's climate and ecological strategies and has so far secured £15m of external funding to further the council's response, improving the sustainability of our procured goods and services, training staff on climate and ecological matters and providing grants to key community and voluntary sector organisations.  The reserves fund the salaries of 11 staff within the Climate Change Team and the forecast cost of the service for 2023/24.5 While the service is still in a phase of growth, unless additional external funding is secured the utilisation of the reserve would constrain the full delivery of the overall programme.  4.4 Communities Resilience Reserve  (0.200) 0.200  The reserve is earmarked to support the pandemic recovery of the voluntary and community sector and is estimated to be £0.550m for 2024/25. The Community Resilience Fund provides one-off capital grant funding as recommended by the Bristol Voluntary Sector Strategy Group as part of an overall goal to build city resilience by growing the power of communities experiencing the greatest inequality and this funding are recommended by the Bristol Voluntary Sector down who conduct with oversight froing equalities communities.  There are no contractual commitments received following recent meetings, however, if redirected it could reduce the capacity of the	4.2		earmarked to provide supported buses in Bristol and to accelerate planned expenditure (from 205/26) agreed by cabinet in relation to receipts from the	0.350	(0.350)				£10.2m in 2024/25. Plans are underway within the council to develop a proposal on the funding of supported buses in 2025/26 (rather than 2024/25) because there is a need to determine which services to support, in discussion with WECA, and then tender for the provision of those services. It is unlikely this could be done in 2024/25 but a smaller allocation may be able to be deliver additional services if those services were specific and clearly mandated at an early stage. Supported bus provision is a joint power in that both WECA and the UAs can commission bus services. As transportation authority the council has enabled WECA to manage and operate bus services on our behalf but should if the council chooses, BCC could commission bus services.	supported bus service (buses deemed to be socially necessary) to be enabled earlier which will have a positive equalities impact, especially for Disabled people and older people. There are existing dispartities between groups of those who 'are satisfied with their local bus service', the Bristol average being 37.5%, Disabled people – 32.1%,
voluntary and community sector and is estimated to be £0.550m for likely to have an equalities impact, the fund is used for 2024/25. The Community Resilience Pund provides one-of chapital grant funding as recommended by the Bristol Voluntary Sector Strategy Group as part of an overall goal to build city resilience by growing the power of communities experiencing the greatest inequality and this fund epityvation. Any reduction to reserves may restrict the provides revenue resources to supplement the capital projects.  There are no contractual commitments received following recent meetings, however, if redirected it could reduce the capacity of the	4.3		Climate and Ecological Reserve	(0.250)	0.250				Emergency programme. The programme is leading the delivery of the council's action plans, stimulating action from partners and citizens to deliver the goals of the city's climate and ecological strategies and has so far secured f15m of external funding to further the council's objectives, hicluding the council's response, improving the sustainability of our procured goods and services, training staff on climate and ecological matters and providing grants to key community and voluntary sector organisations.  The reserves fund the salaries of 11 staff within the Climate Change Team and the forecast cost of the service for 2023/24 is £0.7m, leaving a residual £1.9m for 2024/25. While the service is still in a phase of growth, unless additional external funding is secured the utilisation of	own review and could have a particular impact on Equalities Groups dependant on the staff make up of the team. The direct impact on equalities groups by the stopping of projects; slower delivery of council action and reduction of the council's ability to secure external funding and investment would be dependant on which communities the projects serve. If they particularly serve Equalities Groups then this could have an impact on those with Protected Characteristics. Climate and Ecological action in the city can benefit all and dependant on the particular work of the service, which would need to be
Total Spend 0.000 0.000	4.4								voluntary and community sector and is estimated to be £0.550n for 2024/25. The Community Resilience Fund provides one-off capital gran funding as recommended by the Bristol Voluntary Sector Strategy Group as part of an overall goal to build city resilience by growing the power of committies experiencing the greatest inequality and this fund provides revenue resources to supplement the capital projects. There are no contractual commitments received following recent meetings, however, if redirected it could reduce the capacity of the	likely to have an equalities impact, the fund is used for comminity safety projects with oversight from the community development team who conduct wide ranging equalities work including with under-represented groups in areas of high deprivation. Any reduction to reserves may restrict the Council's capacity to respond to emerging issues which are

I Total (must be zero)

Any new proposed additions to the capital programme must be offset by compensatory reduction of schemes funded internally (prudential borrowing, capital receipts, revenue contributions or CIL) so that overall borrowing does not exceed agreed borrowing Any proposed additions to the General Fund programme cannot be offset by reductions to the HRA, or other ring-fenced or grant funded schemes or vice versa.

Any capital budget change aligned to a revenue budget amendment should be incorporated in this template for completeness and to ensure the total value of scheme changes are incorporated in the appropriate rows above.

Amendments to revenue can only be made to 2024/25 budget - future years are included to ensure future years budgets impacted by decisions on the 24/25 budget remain balanced.